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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/718,804	11/24/2003	Michael L. Boyer II	8932-872	. 3096	
207.1	7590 05/29/2007 WIS & DOCKHIS LLD		EXAMINER		
MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP 1701 MARKET STREET			PRIDDY, MICHAEL B		
PHILADELPH	IA, PA 19103-2921		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3733		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			05/29/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
		10/718,804	BOYER ET AL.					
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	·	Michael B. Priddy	3733					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication a or Reply	appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address					
VVHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failt Any	IORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING ensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR r SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sta reply received by the Office later than three months after the ma- ned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNIO 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a round od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON tute, cause the application to become AB	CATION. eply be timely filed ITHS from the mailing date of this communication IANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status	•							
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12	September 2006.						
,—	•	his action is non-final.						
3)□	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
	closed in accordance with the practice unde	er <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D). 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	tion of Claims							
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-17 and 21-40 is/are pending in the	ne application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>3-6 and 8</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
,—	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2,7,14-16,24,25,27-33 and 40</u> is/are rejected.								
	7) Claim(s) <u>9-13,17,21-23,26 and 34-39</u> is/are objected to.							
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	d/or election requirement.						
Applicat	tion Papers							
<i>,</i> —	The specification is objected to by the Exam							
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) 🗌 a							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to t							
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corn			(d).				
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached	d Office Action of John P10-152.					
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore) All b) Some * c) None of:		§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
	1. Certified copies of the priority docume		and the settle of Alice					
	2. Certified copies of the priority docume							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the p application from the International Bur		received in this National Stage					
*	See the attached detailed Office action for a		received.					
Attachme								
	ice of References Cited (PTO-892) ice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	· —	Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date					
3) X Info	rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) ser No(s)/Mail Date 20031124 & 20050131.		nformal Patent Application					

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election without traverse of Species A under method (block geometry), second geometry (pellet), and insertion space (spinal cage) in the reply filed on 09/12/2006 is acknowledged. Claims 3-6 and 8 have been withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim.

Specification

The continuing date at the beginning of the specification should be updated to reflect the current status of each application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 7, 14-16, 24, 25, 27-29 and 31-33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Auge, II (US 2002/0022846) in view of Smestad (US 4,430,760). Auge, II teaches a method of providing a bone implant comprising: demineralizing (lines 9-10 of paragraph 0049) a block of cancellous bone (lines 3-4 of

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paragraph 0049) and compressing the block from the first geometry to a second geometry smaller than the first geometry (lines 16-17 of paragraph 0037). Hence Auge, II teaches all of the limitations of the present invention except wetting the block; hardening the block after the block has been compressed to the second geometry; and exposing the block to a swelling agent.

Smestad teaches an implantable bone prosthesis which is "washed sequentially with water (wet/softened), ethanol, and ether to remove absorbed acid and dehydrate (harden) it (lines 51-53 of column 2) and wetting (exposing) the implant with sterile physiological saline (swelling agent) or the like before" implantation (lines 8-9 of column 4). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the present invention to wash an implantable bone prosthesis with water to remove absorbed acid and to wash it with ethanol and ether to dehydrate it.

Claims 2, 30 and 40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Auge, II in view of Smestad as applied to claims 1 and 28 above, and further in view of the following. The combination as taught by Auge, II in view of Smestad discloses the claimed invention except for the second geometry having a pellet-like shape. It would have been an obvious matter of design choice to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to press the first geometry of the combination taught by Auge, II in view of Smestad into a second geometry of pellet-like shape since Applicant has not disclosed that such solve any stated problem or is anything more than one of numerous shapes or configurations a person ordinary skill in the art would find

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obvious for the purpose of providing a forming edge in the heating portion or clamp. In re Dailey and Eilers, 149 USPQ 47 (1966).

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claim 28 is rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 18 of U.S. Patent No. 6,652,593. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the specific language of the method steps used in the present invention is different but synonomous. The Examiner considers the rehydrating step of claim 18 of '593 to be equivalent to the *hydrating* step of the present invention and the drying step of claim 15 of '593 to be equivalent to the *dehydrating* step of the present invention.

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Applicant is advised that should claim 30 be found allowable, claim 40 will be objected to under 37 CFR 1.75 as being a substantial duplicate thereof. When two claims in an application are duplicates or else are so close in content that they both cover the same thing, despite a slight difference in wording, it is proper after allowing one claim to object to the other as being a substantial duplicate of the allowed claim. See MPEP § 706.03(k).

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 9-13, 17, 21-23, 26 and 34-39 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael B. Priddy whose telephone number is 571-272-2243. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eduardo Robert can be reached on 571-272-4719. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Michael B. Priddy

May 17, 2007

EDUARDO O POBERT